

Effects of World War II in Egypt
(1 September 1939_ 2 September 1945)

First, the disputing parties
Second: The results of the war
Third: the most important monuments
discovered in the battle zone in the Western
Desert in Egypt, especially in the area of the
al alameen

• *parties to the conflict:*

Allied forces made up of (the United States _ UK _
the Soviet Union _ France _ Taiwan _ Egyptian
Kingdom _ Poland _ Canada)

Amehor forces and consists of (Nazi almania _
Italy _ Japan _ Bulgaria Romania Hungary _ _
Vichy France)

• *results of the war:*

Allied victory and the establishment of the
United Nations
The emergence of the United States and the
Soviet Union as agents of a great
The establishment of NATO
The establishment of the Warsaw Pact
The emergence of areas of influence which
led to the Cold War

• *results of the war dead through*

Allies:

Military killed more than 16,000,000
Kill ordinary people of 45,000.000

- Total dead 61,000,000

Axis Powers:

Military to kill more than 8,000,000

Civilians, kill more than 4,000,000

- Total dead 12,000,000

It is noticed that the number of victims of the war led to the loss of a large number of people which led to the mass graves and unknown soldiers (missing) who died during the war

- Antiquities discovered in the Western Sahara region, especially with regard to the World's World War II

- Museum of the World's Military / World War II

Military Museum of the World's opened on December 16, 1965 in the city of the World's



- common room.

2 - Hall of Egypt Egyptian Create it was found in the battles (Egypt was occupied by England) [image corresponding to the Hall of Egypt in the museum].

- Hall of Italy (the Axis)
- Hall of Germany (the Axis powers) [of the hall to the Germans in the middle shows the upper part of the Statue of Rommel]
- Hall of England (the Allies).
- yard short supply and command center [image opposite troop carrier or things military and U.S. industry, Ford left behind a cannon, used in World War II have been found by long-range patrol in the Great Sand Sea has been introduced this vehicle recently at the Museum of El Alameen]
- Commonwealth graves: 7367, which includes the cemetery for the victims of Britain and New Zealand, Australia and the Union of South Africa, Greece, France and India



Tombs of the Germans: a coffin to symbolize each district and German recorded the names of the victims in the war on the banner hanging on the wall



There is also a cemetery for the Italian Polo Kashiya diminuli and also his villa, which contain a lot of belongings



Half statue for Paolo Caccia Dominioni Italian founder of the cemetery

Museum Rommel "adjacent to the beach Rommel" ■
Desert Fox "on the Mediterranean Sea, which
contains some of the holdings of World War II and
has made by the military and his own office and
Mveall and some fire arms and military that were
used during the war, and some photos and
documents related to that period which is carved
inside the mountain.

The museum had its origin in a trench which was ■
used by the commander Rommel during the war and
has the perspective of a mountain which was used in
the trench to see what is going on above ground.

By:

Sania said.....Official Member of ARIDO, Egypt